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23373 7590 05/14/2007 SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			EXAMINER TAN, ALVIN H	
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**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	10/824,434	YOON ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>	
	Alvin H. Tan	2173	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 April 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |                                                                                        |                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)            | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)   | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____                                      |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____                                                            | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                          |

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Remarks*

1. Claims 1-34 have been examined and rejected. This is the first Office action on the merits.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 10-12, 25 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

- a. Claim 10 recites the limitation "the external input/output module selecting unit" in *[lines 3-4]* of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- b. Claim 11 recites the limitation "the external input/output module storing unit" in *[lines 1-2]* of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- c. Claims 25 and 34 recite, "if the selected input/output module is not present..." in *[lines 1-2]* of the claims. It is unclear if the condition holds if the input/output module is not present in the internal input/output module

storing unit, if the input/output module is not present in the external input/output module storing unit, or if the input/output module is not present on both the internal and external input/output module storing unit.

- d. Claims 25 and 34 recite the limitation, "storing a supplied input/output module in the external input/output module storing unit" in *[lines 2-3]* of the claims. The claims are indefinite because they do not recite where the input/output module is being supplied from. The specification only repeats the claim in *[paragraph 75]* and does not further explain where the input/output module is being supplied from.
- e. Claims 25 and 34 recite the limitation, "writing the condition ID of the one of the respective users and the information on the supplied input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit..." in *[lines 3-5]* of the claims. It is unclear whether "the information" refers to the information mentioned in *[line 9]* of claims 23 and 34 or whether "the information" refers to information about the supplied input/output module.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States

only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claims 1-3, 5, 6, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1).

**Claims 1-3, 5, 6**

5-1. Regarding claim 1, Iverson teaches the claim comprising a user interface (UI) support module operable to store input/output modules as stored input/output modules, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device *[column 1, lines 8-13]*. A memory/storage device stores an interface characteristics/application set database, which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or appliance personalities *[column 7, lines 47-54]*. An operating system as shown in *[figure 8]* provides an interface between a user interface manager application and hardware elements of the host electronic appliance *[column 11, lines 49-64]*.

Iverson teaches wherein the stored input/output modules are selected corresponding to conditions of respective users, in an input/output module storing unit, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities *[column 7, lines 39-47]*. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID *[column 7, lines 2-5]* and can also change and

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customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [column 7, lines 9-22]. Appliance personalities represent various user interfaces and functions/applications on an electronic device that are made available to a user [column 3, lines 23-56].

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to search the input/output module storing unit for a specific input/output module of one of the respective users, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to execute the specific input/output module, and operable to support a UI meeting condition of the one of the respective users, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [figure 2, 208].

5-2. Regarding claim 2, Iverson teaches the claim wherein the UI support module comprises said input/output module storing unit storing and managing the input/output module, by disclosing a memory/storage device stores an interface characteristics/application set database, which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or appliance personalities [column 7, lines 47-54].

Iverson teaches an input/output module selecting unit for searching for the specific input/output module meeting the condition of the one of the respective users in the input/output module storing unit to provide a searched input/output module, by disclosing that based on a determined location or location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies and selects an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities *[column 7, lines 39-47]*

Iverson teaches an input/output module executing unit for executing the searched input/output module searched for by the input/output module selecting unit and an input/output processing unit for processing the UI processed in the searched input/output module executed at the input/output module executing unit to output the UI on a first screen, by disclosing that once an appropriate applicant personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality *[figure 2, 208]*.

5-3. Regarding claim 3, Iverson teaches the claim wherein the UI support module further comprises a data processing unit for receiving and processing data necessary for generation and processing of the UI, said data being generated from an appliance that requests the specific input/output module, by disclosing one or more processors in the appliance *[figure 7]*.

5-4. Regarding claim 5, Iverson teaches the claim wherein the input/output module storing unit comprises a mapping table comprising storage areas of input/output module

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IDs and the stored input/output modules, by disclosing *[figures 3, 4]* which shows tables mapping a location with stored interface characteristics.

5-5. Regarding claim 6, Iverson teaches the claim wherein the input/output module selecting unit comprises a mapping table comprising condition IDs and input/output module IDs, by disclosing *[figure 3]*.

#### **Claim 22**

5-6. Regarding claim 22, Iverson teaches the claim comprising an input/output module registering operation of receiving input/output modules meeting conditions of respective users as received input/output modules and registering the received input/output modules in an internal input/output module selecting unit of an internal UI support module, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device *[column 1, lines 8-13]*. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID *[column 7, lines 2-5]* and can also change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality *[column 7, lines 9-22]*.

Iverson teaches an input/output module providing operation of, if a first specific input/output module of one of the respective users is requested through the internal UI support module, searching for and providing the first specific input/output module as a provided input/output module, by disclosing that based on a determined location of



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location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities *[column 7, lines 39-47]*.

Iverson teaches a UI support operation for executing the provided input/output module and supporting a UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the provided input/output module, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality *[figure 2, 208]*.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 4, 8-16, 18-21, and 23-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1) and Dong et al (Pub. No. 2002/0105543 A1).

### **Claim 4**

7-1. Regarding claim 4, Iverson teaches the invention substantially as claimed. See section 5-2. Iverson does not expressly teach wherein the UI support module further comprises a data format determining unit for determining whether the searched

input/output module provided by the input/output module selecting unit can process a type of data of the UI support module, through a table where the input/output modules and data formats that can be processed in respective input/output modules of the table are mapped. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices

*[paragraph 1]*. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium *[paragraph 13]*. When selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device *[paragraphs 19, 30]*. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support *[paragraphs 20, 31, 33]*. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

### Claims 8-12

7-2. Regarding claim 8, Iverson teaches a UI support module operable to receive and store input/output modules, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device *[column 1, lines 8-13]*. A memory/storage device stores an interface characteristics/application set database, which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or appliance personalities *[column 7, lines 47-54]*. An operating system as shown in *[figure 8]* provides an interface between a user interface manager application and hardware elements of the host electronic appliance *[column 11, lines 49-64]*.

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to receive and store input/output modules corresponding to conditions of respective users, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities *[column 7, lines 39-47]*. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID *[column 7, lines 2-5]* and can also change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality *[column 7, lines 9-22]*. Appliance personalities represent various user interfaces and functions/applications on an electronic device that are made available to a user *[column 3, lines 23-56]*.

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to search for a specific input/output module for a user requested through a household appliance, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a

controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities *[column 7, lines 39-47]*.

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to provide a searched input/output module to the household appliance, and operable to support a UI of the user in the household appliance, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality *[figure 2, 208]*.

Iverson does not expressly teach that the UI support module is externally provided in a web server or a home server. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices *[paragraph 1]*. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium *[paragraph 13]*. The UIL may be located outside the controller *[paragraph 18]* and is configured to search a controller storage medium and a remote network for a user interface corresponding to identification information. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller *[paragraph 20]*. As shown in *[figure 2]*, the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web *[paragraph 24]*. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

the invention was made to include an external user interface module for storing, searching, and providing the appliance personalities from a web server, as taught by Dong. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

7-3. Regarding claim 9, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the external UI support module comprises an external input/output module storing unit for storing the input/output modules that provide relevant UIs depending on the conditions of the respective user, by disclosing that an interface characteristics database may store information which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or applicant personalities as shown in *[Iverson, figure 8]*. Since the appliance personalities are retrieved from a web server, they inherently must be stored on an external storing unit.

Iverson teaches an external input/output module selecting unit for searching the external input/output module storing unit for the specific input/output module corresponding to the condition of the one of the respective users requested by the household appliance, and providing a searched input/output module to the household appliance, by disclosing that the UIL may be stored separate from the controller *[Dong, paragraph 18]* and is configured to search a remote network for a user interface corresponding to identification information. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller *[Dong, paragraph 20]*.

7-4. Regarding claim 10, Iverson and Dong further teach the claim wherein the external UI support module further comprises a data format determining unit for determining whether the searched input/output module provided by the external input/output module selecting unit can process a type of data of the external UI support module, through a table where the input/output modules and data formats that can be processed in respective input/output modules of the table are mapped, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [*Dong, paragraphs 19, 30*]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [*Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33*]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson and Dong teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities provided from a web server, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

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7-5. Regarding claim 11, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the external input/output module storing unit comprises a mapping table comprising storage areas of input/output module IDs and the stored input/output modules, by disclosing [Iverson, figures 3, 4] which shows tables mapping a location with stored interface characteristics.

7-6. Regarding claim 12, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the external input/output module selecting unit comprises a mapping table comprising condition IDs and input/output module IDs, by disclosing [Iverson, figure 3].

**Claim 13-16, 18-21**

7-7. Regarding claim 13, Iverson teaches the claim comprising an internal user interface (UI) support module provided in a household appliance, for supporting UIs through input/output modules depending on conditions of respective user, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device [column 1, lines 8-13; figure 1].

Iverson does not expressly teach an external UI support module provided in a web server or a home server connected to the internal UI support module through a wired/wireless communication network, for managing the input/output modules depending on the conditions of the respective user transmitted through the internal UI support module and providing a specific input/output module requested by the internal UI support module. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices

[*paragraph 1*]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [*paragraph 13*]. The communication medium may be wireless [*paragraph 25*]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [*paragraph 18*] and is configured to search a controller storage medium and a remote network for a user interface corresponding to identification information. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [*paragraph 20*]. As shown in [*figure 2*], the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web [*paragraph 24*]. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include storing additional appliance personalities in an external user interface module that can manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server, as taught by Dong. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

7-8. Regarding claim 14, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the internal UI support module comprises an input/output module storing unit for storing and managing



the input/output modules, by disclosing a memory/storage device stores an interface characteristics/application set database, which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or applicant personalities [*Iverson, column 7, lines 47-54*].

Iverson and Dong teach the internal UI support module comprising an input/output module selecting unit for searching the input/output module storing unit for the specific internal input/output module meeting a condition of the one of the respective users to provide a searched input/output module, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [*Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47*]. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [*Iverson, column 7, lines 2-5*] and can also change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [*Iverson, column 7, lines 9-22*].

Iverson and Dong teach the internal UI support module comprising a data processing unit for receiving and processing data necessary for generation and processing of the UI, said data being generated from the household appliance that requests the input/output module, by disclosing one or more processors in the appliance [*Iverson, figure 7*].

Iverson and Dong teach the internal UI support module comprising an input/output processing unit for processing the UI processed in the searched input/output module executed at the input/output module executing unit to output the UI

on a first screen, by disclosing that once an appropriate applicant personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [Iverson, figure 2, 208; figure 7].

7-9. Regarding claim 15, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the input/output module storing unit comprises a mapping table comprising storage areas of input/output module IDs and the input/output module, by disclosing [Iverson, figures 3, 4] which shows tables mapping a location with stored interface characteristics.

7-10. Regarding claim 16, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the input/output module selecting unit includes a mapping table comprising condition IDs and input/output module IDs, by disclosing [Iverson, figure 3].

7-11. Regarding claim 18, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the external UI support module comprises an external input/output module storing unit for storing the input/output modules that provide relevant UIs depending on the conditions of the respective users, by disclosing that an interface characteristics database may store information which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or applicant personalities as shown in [Iverson, figure 8]. Since the appliance personalities may be retrieved from a web server [Dong, paragraph 20], they inherently must be stored on an external storing unit.

Iverson and Dong teach the external UI support module comprising an external input/output module selecting unit for searching the external input/output module storing unit for the specific input/output module corresponding to the condition of the one of the respecting users requested by the household appliance and providing a searched input/output module to the household appliance, by disclosing that the UIL is configured to search a remote network for an appropriate user interface. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [*Dong, paragraph 20*].

7-12. Regarding claim 19, Iverson and Dong further teach the claim wherein the external UI support module further comprises a data format determining unit for determining whether the searched input/output module provided by the external input/output module selecting unit can process a type of data of the external UI support module, through a table where the input/output modules and data formats that can be processed in respective input/output modules of the table are mapped, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [*Dong, paragraphs 19, 30*]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [*Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33*]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson and Dong teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities provided from a web server, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

7-13. Regarding claim 20, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the external input/output module storing unit comprises a mapping table comprising storage areas of input/output module IDs and input/output modules, by disclosing [*Iverson, figures 3, 4*] which shows tables mapping a location with stored interface characteristics.

7-14. Regarding claim 21, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the external input/output module selecting unit comprises a mapping table comprising condition IDs and input/output module IDs, by disclosing [*Iverson, figure 3*].

#### **Claims 23-27**

7-15. Regarding claim 23, Iverson teaches the invention substantially as claimed. See section 5-6. Iverson further teaches the claim wherein the input/output module registering operation comprises selecting a second specific input/output module for generating a UI to be used in the future by the one of the respective users, as a

selected input/output module, by disclosing that users can change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [*column 7, lines 9-22*].

Iverson teaches determining whether the selected input/output module is present in an internal input/output module storing unit of the internal UI support module, by disclosing that a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [*column 7, lines 39-47*].

Iverson teaches if the selected input/output module is present, writing a condition ID of the one of the respective users and information on the selected input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [*figures 3, 4*].

Iverson teaches that appliance personalities may be stored and retrieved internally within an interface database of the appliance [*column 10, lines 2-4*]. Although Iverson also teaches connections to remote databases [*column 10, lines 9-12*] used to identify location type/operating environment of an appliance in order to select an appropriate one of a plurality of alternative appliance personalities and downloading the information from the remote databases for storage on the local databases [*column 7, lines 23-38*], Iverson does not expressly teach that if the selected input/output module is not present, requesting the selected input/output module through an external UI support module, determining whether the selected input/output module is present in an external input/output module storing unit of the external UI support module, and if the selected input/output module is present, writing the condition ID of the one of the respective

users and the information on the selected input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [paragraph 1]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [paragraph 18] and is configured to first search a controller storage medium for an appropriate user interface [paragraph 31]. If an appropriate user interface is not found on an internal storage medium, the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium [paragraph 34]. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [paragraph 20]. As shown in [figure 2], the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web [paragraph 24]. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to store additional appliance personalities in a web server and use an external user interface module, as taught by Dong, to manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

7-16. Regarding claim 24, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the operation of writing comprises writing the condition ID of the one of the respective users and the information on the selected input/output module in an external input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [Iverson, figures 3, 4]. The condition ID and corresponding appliance personality must be written in the UIL in order for the UIL to search for the correct personality from the remote network.

7-17. Regarding claim 25, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein if the selected input/output module is not present, storing a supplied input/output module in the external input/output module storing unit, by disclosing that the user interfaces being retrieved from the web server are supplied by a vendor website [Dong, figure 2; paragraph 34]. Thus, before any of the user interfaces for an appliance are loaded on the vendor website, it must be supplied by the vendor and stored on the website.

Iverson and Dong teach writing the condition ID of the one of the respective users and the information on the supplied input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit and the external input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [Iverson, figures 3, 4]. The condition ID and corresponding appliance personality must be written in the UIL in order for the UIL to search for the correct personality from the remote network.

After being selected from the remote network, the information must be sent back to the appliance.

7-18. Regarding claim 26, Iverson teaches the invention substantially as claimed. See section 5-6. Iverson further teaches the claim wherein the input/output module providing operation comprises receiving a condition ID from the one of the respective users and determining whether the condition ID has been registered through the internal input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [*column 7, lines 2-5*]. A controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [*column 7, lines 39-47*].

Iverson teaches if the condition ID has been registered, selecting the first specific input/output module according to the condition ID and providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [*column 7, lines 39-47*].

Iverson does not expressly teach if the condition ID has not been registered, requesting an external UI support module to transmit the first specific input/output module according to the condition ID and providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the input/output module provided by the external UI support module. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [*paragraph 1*]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface



corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [paragraph 18] and is configured to first search a controller storage medium for an appropriate user interface [paragraph 31]. If an appropriate user interface is not found on an internal storage medium, the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium [paragraph 34]. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [paragraph 20]. As shown in [figure 2], the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web [paragraph 24]. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to store additional appliance personalities in a web server and use an external user interface module, as taught by Dong, to manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

7-19. Regarding claim 27, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the operation of providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the

input/output module provided by the external UI support module comprises determining whether the first specific input/output module corresponding to the condition ID is present by an external input/output module selecting unit of the external UI support module, by disclosing that the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium for an appropriate user interface [*Dong, paragraph 34*].

Iverson and Dong teach if it is determined that the first specific input/output module corresponding to the condition ID is not present, providing the UI through a default input/output module, by disclosing that if no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [*paragraphs 33, 36*].

Iverson and Dong teach if it is determined that the first specific input/output module corresponding to the condition ID is present, determining, by a data format determining unit, whether the first specific input/output module is compatible with an appliance requesting the first specific input/output module, and providing the UI through the default input/output module if it is determined that the first specific input/output module is not compatible with the appliance, or providing the UI through the first specific input/output module if it is determined that the input/output module is compatible with the appliance, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [*Dong, paragraphs 19, 30*]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device

can support [Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33]. If no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [Dong, paragraphs 33, 36]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson and Dong teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

#### **Claims 28, 29**

7-20. Regarding claim 28, Iverson teaches the claim comprising if an input/output module corresponding to a specific condition ID is requested by a UI support module provided in a household electric appliance, searching for the input/output module corresponding to the condition ID through an input/output module storing unit, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device [column 1, lines 8-13; figure 1]. Based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson teaches if the input/output module corresponding to the condition ID is found as a searched input/output module, providing the searched input/output module to the UI support module of the household appliance, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality *[figure 2, 208]*.

Iverson does not expressly teach searching an external input/output module storing unit and providing the searched input/output module by an external input/output module selecting unit. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices *[paragraph 1]*. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium *[paragraph 13]*. The UIL may be located outside the controller *[paragraph 18]* and is configured to search a controller storage medium and a remote network for a user interface corresponding to identification information. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller *[paragraph 20]*. As shown in *[figure 2]*, the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web *[paragraph 24]*. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include storing additional appliance personalities in an

external user interface module that can manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server, as taught by Dong. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

7-21. Regarding claim 29, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the operation of providing the searched input/output module comprises determining, by a data format determining unit, whether the searched input/output module is compatible with the household appliance, and providing a default input/output module if the searched input/output module is not compatible with the household appliance, or providing the searched input/output module if the searched input/output module is compatible with the household appliance, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [*Dong, paragraphs 19, 30*]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [*Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33*]. If no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [*Dong, paragraphs 33, 36*]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson and Dong teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance

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personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

**Claim 30-34**

7-22. Regarding claim 30, Iverson teaches the claim comprising receiving input/output modules meeting conditions of respective users as received input/output modules and registering the received input/output modules in an input/output module selecting unit of an internal UI support module, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device [*column 1, lines 8-13*]. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [*column 7, lines 2-5*] and can also change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [*column 7, lines 9-22*].

Iverson teaches if a specific input/output module of one of the respective users is requested through the internal UI support module, determining whether the input/output module is present in an input/output module storing unit, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [*column 7, lines 39-47*].

Iverson teaches if the specific input/output module is present in the input/output module storing unit, providing a UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the specific input/output module, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality *[figure 2, 208]*.

Iverson does not expressly teach if the specific input/output module is not present in the input/output module storing unit, requesting an external input/output module storing unit provided in an external server at a remote place to transmit the specific input/output module as a transmitted input/output module and providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the transmitted input/output module. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices *[paragraph 1]*. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium *[paragraph 13]*. The UIL may be located outside the controller *[paragraph 18]* and is configured to first search a controller storage medium for an appropriate user interface *[paragraph 31]*. If an appropriate user interface is not found on an internal storage medium, the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium *[paragraph 34]*. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller *[paragraph 20]*. As shown in *[figure 2]*, the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web *[paragraph 24]*. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer

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electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to store additional appliance personalities in a web server and use an external user interface module, as taught by Dong, to manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

7-23. Regarding claim 31, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the input/output module registering operation comprises selecting the specific input/output module for generating the UI to be used in the future by the one of the respective users, as a selected input/output module, by disclosing that users can change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [*Iverson, column 7, lines 9-22*].

Iverson and Dong teach determining whether the selected input/output module is present in the input/output module storing unit of the internal UI support module, by disclosing that a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [*Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47*].



Iverson and Dong teach if the selected input/output module is present, writing a condition ID of the one of the respective users and information on the selected input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [*Iverson, figures 3, 4*].

Iverson and Dong teach if the specific input/output module is not present in the input/output module storing unit, requesting an external input/output module storing unit provided in an external server at a remote place to transmit the specific input/output module as a transmitted input/output module and providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the transmitted input/output module, by disclosing that if an appropriate user interface is not found on an internal storage medium, the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium [*Dong, paragraph 34*]. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [*Dong, paragraph 20*].

7-24. Regarding claim 32, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the operation of writing comprises writing the condition ID of the one of the respective users and the information on the selected input/output module in an external input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [*Iverson, figures 3, 4*]. The condition ID and corresponding appliance personality must be written in the UIL in order for the UIL to search for the correct personality from the remote network.

7-25. Regarding claim 33, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein the operation of providing the UI comprises determining, by a data format determining unit, whether specific input/output module is compatible with the internal UI support module, and providing the UI through a default input/output module if the specific input/output module is not compatible with the internal UI support module, or providing the UI through the specific input/output module if the specific input/output module is compatible with the internal UI support module, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [*Dong, paragraphs 19, 30*]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [*Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33*]. If no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [*paragraphs 33, 36*]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson and Dong teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

7-26. Regarding claim 34, Iverson and Dong teach the claim wherein if the selected input/output module is not present, storing a supplied input/output module in the external input/output module storing unit, by disclosing that the user interfaces being retrieved from the web server are supplied by a vendor website [*Dong, figure 2; paragraph 34*]. Thus, before any of the user interfaces for an appliance are loaded on the vendor website, it must be supplied by the vendor and stored on the website.

Iverson and Dong teach writing the condition ID of the one of the respective users and the information on the supplied input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit and the external input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [*Iverson, figures 3, 4*]. The condition ID and corresponding appliance personality must be written in the UIL in order for the UIL to search for the correct personality from the remote network. After being selected from the remote network, the information must be sent back to the appliance.

8. Claim 7 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1) and Nakajima (U.S. Patent No. 7,095,456 B2).

#### **Claim 7**

8-1. Regarding claim 7, Iverson teaches the invention substantially as claimed. See section 5-2. Iverson does not expressly teach the claim wherein the input/output

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processing unit transmits the UI to a remote device with a second screen. Nakajima teaches a method of remotely controlling electronic devices [*column 1, lines 7-13*]. A field extensible remote control receives user interfaces from electronic devices [*column 5, lines 22-28*] and may display the user interface on a screen of the remote control in order to control the electronic devices [*column 7, lines 12-38*]. Receiving a user interface directly from the electronic device allows a universal remote control to control the electronic devices, even if the electronic devices have updated or different user interfaces.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit the UI to a remote device with a second screen, as taught by Nakajima. This would allow a remote control to control the electronic device, even if the electronic devices receive updated or different user interfaces.

9. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1), Dong et al (Pub. No. 2002/0105543 A1), and Nakajima (U.S. Patent No. 7,095,456 B2).

9-1. Regarding claim 17, Iverson and Dong teach the invention substantially as claimed. See section 7-8. Iverson and Dong do not expressly teach the claim wherein the input/output processing unit transmits the UI to a remote device with a second

screen. Nakajima teaches a method of remotely controlling electronic devices [*column 1, lines 7-13*]. A field extensible remote control receives user interfaces from electronic devices [*column 5, lines 22-28*] and may display the user interface on a screen of the remote control in order to control the electronic devices [*column 7, lines 12-38*].

Receiving a user interface directly from the electronic device allows a universal remote control to control the electronic devices, even if the electronic devices have updated or different user interfaces.

Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit the UI to a remote device with a second screen, as taught by Nakajima. This would allow a remote control to control the electronic device, even if the electronic devices receive updated or different user interfaces.

### ***Conclusion***

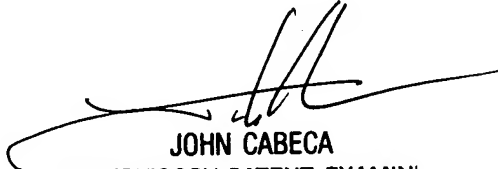
10. The prior art made of record on attached form PTO-892 and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is required under 37 C.F.R § 111(c) to consider these references fully when responding to this action. The documents cited therein teach similar systems for user interface management.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alvin H. Tan whose telephone number is 571-272-8595. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 10:00-6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached on 571-272-4048. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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